## Recitation 11: Weak Convergence

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**Exercise 1.** Prove that random variable X is symmetric (X and -X have the same law) if and only if its characteristic function  $\varphi_X$  takes real value.

**Exercise 2.** Let  $X \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$  and  $\Phi$  its characteristic function.

- 1. Prove that  $\Phi'(t) = -t\sigma^2\Phi(t)$ ;
- 2. Calculate  $\Phi(t)$ .

**Exercise 3.** Calculate the characteristic function for the random variable X if

- 1. X follows Bernoulli distribution of parameter  $p \in (0,1)$ ;
- 2. X follows Binominal distribution of parameter (n, p);
- 3. X follows Poisson distribution of parameter  $\lambda$ ;
- 4. X follows exponential distribution of parameter  $\theta$ ;
- 5. X follows symmetric exponential distribution of density  $f(y) = \frac{\lambda}{2}e^{-\lambda|y|}$ ;
- 6. X follows Cauchy distribution of density  $f(x) = \frac{\alpha}{\pi(\alpha^2 + x^2)}$ .

**Exercise 4.** Prove that if  $(X_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$  satisfies uniform integrability, then they are tight.

**Exercise 5** (Slutsky's theorem). If  $X_n$  converges in distribution to X and  $Y_n$  converges in distribution to a constant c, then the joint vector  $(X_n, Y_n)$  converges in distribution to (X, c).